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e .,.					
NFOI	RMATION	REPORT	INFORMA	TION F	REPORT
		CENTRAL INTELLIG	SENCE AGENCY		
This materi	al contains information as lecs. 793 and 794, the tra	ffecting the National Defense of the nsmission or revelation of which	e United States within the	e meaning of the Esp authorized person is	cionage Laws, Title prohibited by law.
		S-E-C-R-	-E-T		50X1-HUM
COUNTRY	USSR (Ukrainian		REPORT		\a_L_O
SUBJECT	Town Plan and Information on	Miscellaneous Chernovtsy	DATE DISTR.	14 July	
			NO. PAGES REFERENCES		50X1-HUM
			REFERENCES		
DATE OF INFO.					FOV1 LILIM
PLACE & DATE ACQ.	COURCE EVAL	UATIONS ARE DEFINITIVE.	APPRAISAL OF CONTE	NT IS TENTATIVE	50X1-HUM
	factory was suits subordination the plant was prinstallation as Ministry of Tratown's only the Prut River. So old railroad spegan in 1952, however, went is a large area at It was supposed to rumors in to the factory was 8,000 km. In about 2,000 km (The factory was been allocated projects had be accommodate it 96 units, was exite of the forecast was site of the forecast was a site of the forecast	be largest plant of the coordinate to the Mini- consince the establication since the establication in Moscow and gency (Stroitelno-moral sport. The factory ermal power station, everal secondary spurpours to the power station in 1958 it was so into operation in 195 and was to reach the bifulform own, it actually produce equipment own, it actually produce to employ several the power station for the construction een, and were being, sworkers. A large, erected on ulitsa Poormer stock exchange. The construction of the constru	stry of the Petrishment of the So built by the cot tazhnaya organize was located director on Prutskaya ulities led into the fittion. Constructive till uncompleted 6. In 1958 the anks of the Prutt for the oil in uced something e housand workers loyed 1,000 work y the town's the sprincipal cust of the plant an built in various five-story apart throva, in the canother three-sea Lenina. The grounds, at the	oneum industry vnarkhoz was restruction and atsiya) of the ectly opposite tsa, which led actory area fraion of the fact Part of the plant already River on comp dustry, but an lse (?).1 On and would use ers in product rmal power sto omer.) Large d numerous hot parts of town, there of town, tory apartmen factory's man ecorner of Rr	the the dito the ctory of factory, covered pletion. It is a least tion and ation. sums had using on the thouse was agement utskaya
STATE (Note: Wash	1.4.1	S-I	E-C-R-E-T	NIC	50X1-HUM O

			13=0:=1.=1/1=0:=1	50X1-HUM
2.	Rum gro to mai: alo:	anian 5,200 volt to t and cables were being the old ones. In 195 n power station to th	rk in Chernovtsy had to be changed from the he standard Soviet 6,000 volt. New underlaid throughout the town, usually parallel 7, three cables were laid, from the city's e former power station No. 1 on Lesi Ukrai: Vatutina, and passing near the officers clu	nki,
3•	on in grown of in structure only	Universitetskaya ulit use in 1958. This ex und line. The cable 1 power station, whe e, frequently putting this cable may be infaction, experts came 1954 or 1955, when pluction of the town's mounting the difficule also considered but	lephone exchange, built by a composite the former synagogue, was still change was connected to the Moscow-Kiev und also ran along Lesi Ukraiki near the former it was exposed to induction from the powit completely out of action. The important erred from the fact that each time it went from Moscow by special plane to repair it. ans were made in Kiev and Kharkov for recompleteric network, the ways and means of ties caused by induction from power lines, up to 1958, the general plan was executed whatsoever was done with regard to this	er- er er ce out
4.	The	following military i	nformation on Chernovtsy and vicinity is re	ported:
	a.	Storozhinets, there and enclosed by seve network of lightning	the right of the road from Chernovtsy to was an area, about 500 by 500 meters in size ral barbed-wire fences, which contained a rods, probably for ammunition and umerous elongated wooden barracks could	e
	b.	of the city park. O	als lived in villas located in the vicinity ne of the generals served as commander of to chool on ulitsa Sadova, where the Rumanian een located.	he
	c.	Large military conce Storozhinets /N 48-1	intrations were reported in the vicinity of 0, E $25-43$ .	
	d.		and an important concentration of air force n Luzhany $\sqrt{N}$ 48-22, E 25-477.	e
	е.		for piston aircraft training was located at ovtsy civilian airfield. No details on the available.	50X1-HUM
6.	One		s of Chernovtsy are on pages 3 to 11. tire town and the other is an enlargement of ral town area.	f
		Comments:		
	1.			the 50X1-HUM
			dentified parts for artillery pieces, tanks chers, and other weapons.	,
ſ	2.		s mentioned throughout the text are probably vena-Betoven, Olgi Kobylanskoy-Kobylanskaya tskaya.	
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S-E-C-R-E-T

	New Russian Street Name (ulitsa)	Old Rumanian Street Name (Strada)
т	Magnetral nava plaghahad	Piata Unirii
I	Tsentralnaya ploshchad	Piata Ghica Voda
II	Sovetskaya ploshchad	Piata Alexandri
III	Teatralnaya ploshchad	Iancu Flonder
IV	Olgi Kobylanskoy Lenina	Regina Maria
V	Lenina	Regele Ferdinand
T/T	December Chalins	Stefan Cel Mare and Transilvaniei
VI	Prospekt Stalina	Regele Carol II
VII	Krasnoarmeyskaya	Cuciurul Mare
7/TT	Dugglerre	Romana
VIII IX	Russkaya	Duca and Universitatii
	Universitetskaya Shevchenko	Marasesti and Kochan
X	Ivana Frank <b>a</b>	Brancoveanu
XII	Pochtova	Bucuresti
XIII	Zankovetskoy	Iancu Hormuzachi
XIV	28 Iyulya	ll Noembrie
XV	Vokzalnaya	I.C. Bratianu
XVI	•	Hotinului
	Khotinskaya	Prutului
XVII	Prutskaya Sevastopolskaya	Calugereni
XVIII	bevastopoiskaya	Salciilor
VTV	Dombranco	Wilson
XIX	Barbyusa Odogakaya	Caliceanca
XX	Odesskaya	Rasboieni
XXI	Lukiyana Kobylitsy	Poincare
XXII	Lermontova	Vladimir
XXIII	Gogolya	Hacman
XXIV	Pushkina Karla Marksa	Nicol P. and D. Petrino
XXV		Mircea Voda and Strada Zote Iancu
XXVI	Ukrainskaya Votutina	Gen. Zadic
XXVII	Vatutina Vatlamayakaga	T. Maiorescu
XXIX	Kotlyarevskogo Lesi Ukrainki	Cuza Voda
XXX		Sf. Treimi
XXXI	Rogdam Khmelnitskogo Kirovogradskaya	Dragos Voda
XXXII	Shehorsa	General Mircescu
XXXIII	Sadovskogo	Nicol
XXXXIV	Lomonosova	Petrovici
XXXV	Bozhenko	Gen. Prezan
XXXVI	Stalingradskaya	General Averescu
VVVAT	D (alligi addica) a	J.M. Creanga
XXXVII	Gorkogo	Eminescu
XXXVIII	Bogomoltsa	Masarik
XXXIX	Storozhinetskoye shosse	Storojinetului
XL	Chapayeva	Movila Ieremia
XLI	Sadova	Ul. Marshala Zhukova (formerly
		Mihai Viteazu)
XLII	Bazarnaya	Decebal
XLIII	Krivonosa	Gh. Lazar
XLIV	Ordzhonikidze	Isopescu
XLV	Fedkovicha	Regele Carol
XLVI	Chkalova	Turdei
XLVII	Kladbishchenskaya	Cimitirului
XLVIII	Baturina	Motilor
XLIX	Kishinevskaya	Cost. Veniamin
L	Dnestryanskaya	Budei-Deleanu
LI	Marsh. Rokosovskogo	Popovici F.A. $\sqrt{L}$ .A. $$
LII	Bukovinskaya	Petru Rares
LIII	Gospitalnaya	Spitalelor
LIV	Mayakovskogo	M. Cogalniceanu
TA	Voroshilova	General Foch
LVI	Vorovs <b>k</b> ogo	B. Lautaru
LVII	Papanina	M. Costin 50X1-HUM
LVIII	Kalinina	Tabo
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LIX Moldovei Engelsa LΧ Khrushcheva Olteniei IXI 10 Maiu Bulaka Artemovskogo IXII Dimitrova Odobescu LXIII Pitey Pitei LXIV Nagornaya Tetinului TXA Mitskevicha Michkiewicz Radu Cel Mare LXVI Kievskaya IIVXI Kharkovskaya Costache Negruzzi IXVIII Kotovskogo Al. Buncel Porumbescu IXIX Chaykovskogo Flondor LXX Bethovena O. Iosif LXXI Pereyaslavskaya Salciilor IXXII Nikopolskaya LXXIII Stakhanovskaya Voroshilovgradskaya TXXIA TXXA Pokrishkina Aviator Gagea LXXVI Leningradskaya Clujului Gramada IXXXII Lysenko LXXVIII Shillera Schiller Tobilevicha Banat TXXIX LXXX Dzhambula IXXXI Zavodskaya TXXXII Stara Zhurka Sholom Aleykhema Evreiasca LXXXIII Spataru Coman TXXXIA Donbasovskaya Sucevei TXXXA Draganova TXXXXI Marko Bobrok Puscariu Simon P.M. Cd - LXXXVII Griboyedova De - LXXXVIII Moskovskaya A. Crimco N. Iorga De - LXXXIX Skorovody De - XC Onciul Komsomolskaya Eg - XCI De - XCII Kirova Traian Geete Dg - XCIII Sovetskaya If - XCIV Ul. Novoseletskaya Eg - XCV Azovskaya Macedoniei Hh - XCVI Karmeluka Dumbrava Rosie Ifg - XCVII Fastovskaya Fh - XCVIII Rudanskogo Serban Voda Dg - XCIX Zoi Kosmodamianskoy Arcasilor

Hg - C

Hg - CI

CII

CIII

Vinnitskaya

Galitskaya

Turetskaya

Bogdanovskiy pereulok

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- Obkompartii, located in a three-story building on Sovetskaya ploshchad, on the corner of Krasnoarmeyskaya No. 2. There was an aerial on the roof, apparently for radio communications.
- 2. Oblispolkom (known in Ukrainian as Oblvikonkom), a three-story building.
- 3. Gorsovet (or Miskrada), a two-story building.
- 4. Gerkompartii, a two-story building.
- 5. Oblaud (Oblast court), a two-story building.
- 6. Hotel (Radianskiy Bukovina), a three-story building.
- Urban and interurban telephone exchange, a single-story building at No. 6 or 4 Universitetskaya.
- 8. Officers Club, a five-story building in Teatralnaya ploshchad on the corner of ulitsa Vatutina.
- 9. Cultural center of the textiles combine, a three-story building.
- 10. The Ukrainian Dramatic Theater.
- 11. Medical college, a three-story building.
- 12. Transformer station for trolleys and trolley buses (formerly Uzina electrica Mo. 1)
- 13. Central fire station.
- 14. Municipal Hospital No. 1 and dispensary, a three-story building.
- 15. The University central building.
- 16. University building.
- 17. University building.
- 18. University library, a three-story building; one wing had five stories.
- 19. History museum, a two-story building.
- 20. University building, two stories.
- 21. History Museum (formerly the residence of the Metropolitan).
- 22. Private residence of the First Secretary of the Oblast Party Committee.
- 23. Railroad workers park (Park kultury zhelezno-dorozhnikov).
- 24. Prison.
- 25. Barracks.
- 26. Medical College building, a three-story structure.
- 27. Oblast KGB, a three-story building at No. 1 ulitsa Shevchenko, located opposite the Catholic church.
- 28. Main municipal market (Krasnoarmeyskiy bazar).
- 29. Municipal school.

30. Trolley and trolley bus park.

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- 31. Part of the infantry officers school, a two-story building.
- 32. Main building of the infantry officers school, a two-story building.
- 33. Military hospital.
- 34. Oblast hospital.
- 35. Railroad workers hospital, a two-story building.
- 36. Small hospital and dispensary for town officials (Lechebno sanit. upravleniye).
- 37. Municipal school, a two-story building.
- 38. Municipal school, a two-story building.
- 39. Oblast blood donating center and blood bank a one- or two-story building at 7 ulitsa Pushkina, on the corner of prospekt Stalina.
- 40. Hotel Kiev, a three-story building.
- 41. Jamming station, a two-story building. On the roof there were many aerials and on the ground floor a large Gastronom grocery store.
- 42. Jamming station, a small building with a high aerial in the courtyard.
- 43. Jamming station.
- 44. Sugar combine.
- 45. Alcohol plant (Pervenets Bukovinskiy).
- 46. Yeast factory.
- 47. Chemical works, which produced paints and other products.
- 48. New water pumping station.
- 49. Metal road bridge over the Prut (no details available).
- 50. Metal railroad bridge over the Prut, single-track, with several arches.
- 51. Station for treatment of radiation effects (Obmivochnaya protivoatomnaya stantsiya), under construction since 1957. In 1956 the municipal trolley line was extended to the site.
- 52. Traffic control station for trollies and trolley buses.
- 53. Old building of the municipal power station (formerly Uzina el no. 2).
- 54. New building of the aforementioned power station the boiler and generator department.
- 55. New building of the aforementioned power station current distribution.
- 56. Tricot Goods Factory No. 1 (formerly Trinaco).
- 57. Movie theater.
- 58. Central post office, telegraph office and oblast directorate of communications - a two-story building.
- 59. Five-story residential building with an elevator for the workers of the machine works (Mashinostroitelnyy zavod).

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- 60. Two-story residential house for the workers of the machine works.
- 61. Two-story residential house for the workers of the machine works.
- 62. Oblast MVD and oblast militia a two-story building at 43 (?) Lenina on the corner of Chaykovskogo. The commanding officer of the oblast MVD was General Naumov (fnu).
- 63. Oblast directorate of pharmacies a single-story building on ulitsa Lenina opposite the oblast MVD. In the courtyard there was a large three-story building which housed the oblast medicine and medical stores.
- 64. Department store, a single-story building on the corner of Lenina and Bozhenko.
- 65. Municipal office for the advance sale of railroad tickets a single-story building on Lenina at the corner of Betoven.
- 66. Barracks, a large, one-story building.
- 67. Party school, a one-story building.
- 68. Municipal hospital No. 2 (formerly Casa Asigurarilor Sociale), a three-story building.
- 69. Municipal school.
- 70. Civilian and military bathhouse, a one-story building on Turetskaya on the corner of Stalingradskaya.
- 71. Bathhouse.
- 72. Oblast Gosbank, a two-story building with cellars in Tsentralnaya ploshchad on the corner of Kobylanskaya ulitsa.
- 73. Town prosecutor's office, a two-story building at 7 Russkaya.
- 74. Local antiaircraft defense headquarters (Shtab MPVO), a singlestory building at 15 Russkaya.
- 75. Printing works, a two-story building at 21 Shchorsa.
- 76. Printing works and editorial offices of the local newspaper Radanska Bukovina a three-story building.
- 77. Large grocery shop (Gastronom).
- 78. Large grocery shop (Gastronom).
- 79. Clothing factory, a three-story building at 7 Kobylanskaya.
- 80. Clothing factory, a two-story building at 22 Lenina.
- 81. Clothing factory, a three-story building at 23 Lenina (formerly the Hotel Central).
- 82. Fedkovich Movie Theater at 19 Lenina.
- 83. Ukraina Movie Theater, on the corner of Kobylanskaya and Papanina (formerly Deutsches Haus).
- 84. Zoya Kosmodamianska Movie Theater, on Kobyla**n**škaya opposite Papanina (formerly Polski Dom).
- 85. Olga Kobylanska Movie Theater, at 12 Kobylanskaya.

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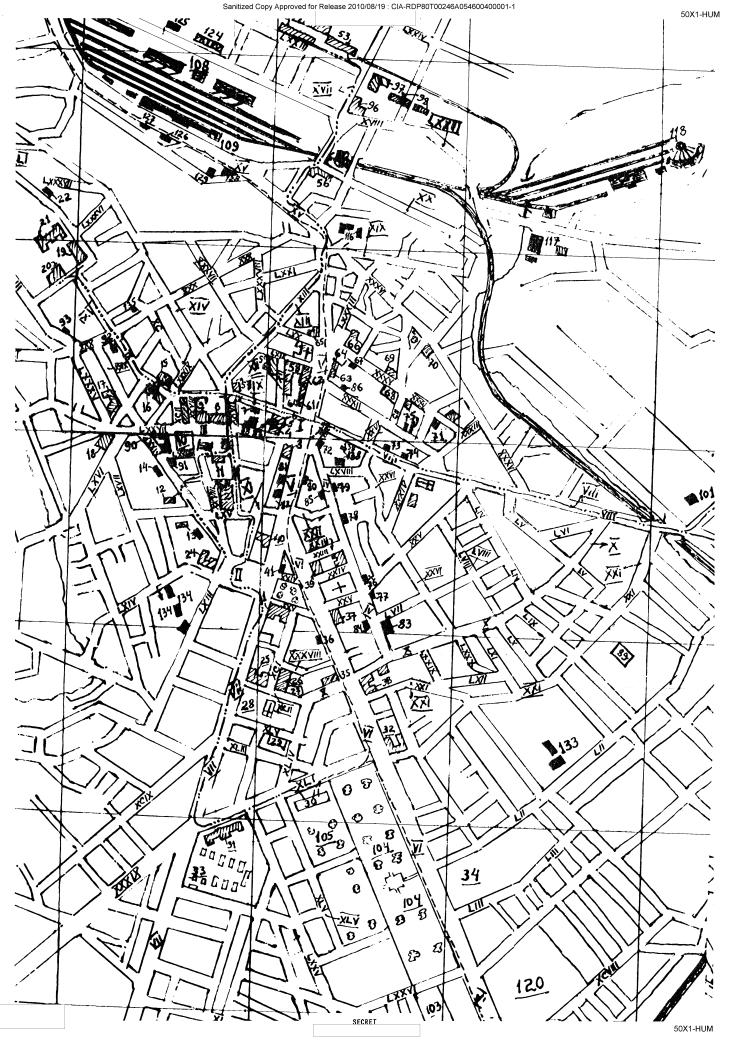
- 86. Gorkiy Movie Theater, at 3 Shchorsa.
- 87. Fancy leather goods factory (Kozh. galanteriynaya fabrika, in the courtyard of the obl. sud.)
- 88. Chernovtsy garrison headquarters, a two- or three-story building next to the Gorsovet, in an alley leading from the latter to Teatralnaya ploshchad.
- 89. New municipal school, a two-story building.
- 90. Railroad directorate (Chernovitskoye otdeleniye Lvovskoy Zhel. dorogi), located in a two-story building behind the Ukrainian Drama Theater.
- 91. University ceremonial hall.
- 92. MVD archives, located in the former Protestant church.
- 93. Private residence of the university rector (Leutskiy, fnu).
- 94. Rubber goods factory.
- 95. Textile fancy goods factory.
- 96. Management building of the machine works.
- 97. Building belonging to the machine works, formerly a flour mill.
- 98. Building belonging to the machine works, one-story.
- 99. Compressor station planned for the municipal gas network.
- 100. New engine repair plant, for tractor engines, etc.
- 101. Brick factory.
- 102. Brick factory.
- 103. Dinamo Municipal Stadium.
- 104. Kalinin Municipal Park.
- 105. University botanical gardens.
- 106. Mental hospital.
- 107. Civilian airfield.
- 108. Railroad freight station.
- 109. Passenger railroad station.
- 110. Zuchka Passenger and Freight Station.
- 111. A small sawmill.
- 112. Railroad station (Malaya stantsiya, formerly named Gradina publica).
- 113. A cotton mill (Tekstilnaya fabrika no. 3, Khlopko-pryadilnaya fabrika).
- 114. Textile factory.
- 115. Meat products combine.

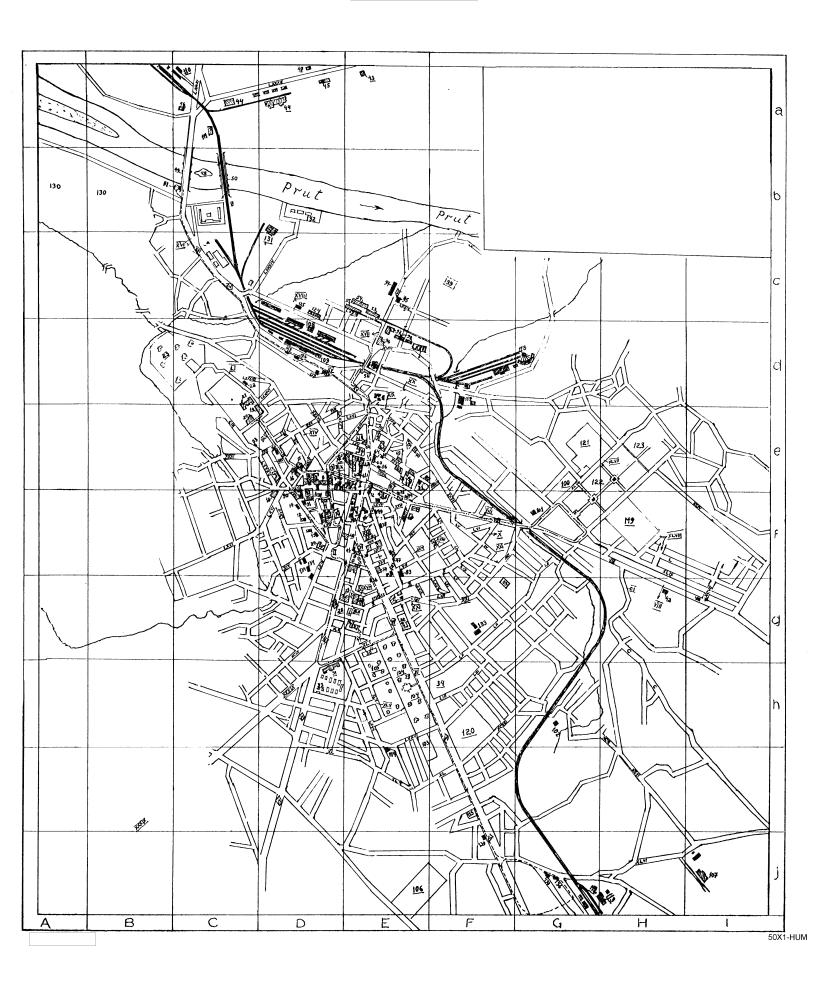
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116.	Municipal Hospital No.	5.	
117.	Municipal slaughterhou	•	
118.	Railroad depot.		
119.	Barracks.		
120.	Barracks.		
121.	Cemetery.		
122.	Cemetery.		
123.	Military cemetery.		
124.	Stocking Factory No. 3	(formerly Hercules).	
125.	Textle factory.	(	
126.	Stocking Factory No. 5.	•	
127.	Railroad workers dispe		
128.	Police station (No. 5?	)•	
129.	Fire station.		
130.	Large firing range on	a hill.	
131.	Large sawmill.		
L32.	Port for unloading tim	ber.	
L33•	Furniture combine.		
L34.	Tricot Goods Factory N	0. 2.	
L35•	Textile factory and ma	nagement of the textile combine.	
L36.	Factory for wooden hee	ls and other wooden products for the shoe	industry.
L37•	Clothing factory.		
L38.	Shoe factory.		
L39•	Textile factory.		
		Municipal trolley line.	
···_•	·_··_·	Trolley bus line.	
_••••	_••••_	Route of major international under telephone cable.	ground
_•••	••••••	Route of underground power main fr municipal power station through th streets: Prutskaya, Vokzalnaya, Zankovyetskaya, Vatutina, Teatraln Kotlyarevskogo, and Lesi Ukraink.	e following Lenina,
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	SECOLI	
		50X1-HUM
COUNTRY:	USSR (Ukrainian SSR)	
SUBJECT:	Miscellaneous Information o	n Chernovtsy
1. In 195	$58$ Chernovtsy $\sqrt{ m N}$ $48$ – $18$ , E 25– $56\overline{ m 0}$ ha	d approximately
162,000 inhabit	tants, an increase of about 60,000	since World War II.
Although it was	a Ukrainian town, the Russian lan	guage was used
everywhere with	n the exception of the university a	nd the theatre.
2. The to	own was divided into the following	three administrative
rayons:		

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Shevchenkovskiy rayon, which comprised the whole lower

part of town, including the Zhuchka suburb across the Prut River.

In this rayon were located the railroad station, the city power

station, and the new machine works which was under construction.

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- b. Leninskiy rayon, which comprised the uptown area, including Strozhinetska Street, Prospekt Stalina (formerly Stefan Cel Mare Street), the city park, and a section of the center of the town including Universitet Street and part of Lenin Street.
- c. Stalinskiy rayon, the central area of town. It included Kobylanska (formerly Iancu Flonder), the main street, and part of Lenin Street. The line dividing the three administrative rayons of the town ran through the heart of the city, i.e., the Central Sqaure (Tsentralnaya Ploshchad, the former Piata Unirei).
- 3. One of Chernovtsy's main industries was textiles. The eight prewar textile factories had been merged into the Chernovitskiy Textile Combine (Chernovitskiy Textilniy Kombinat), employing a total of nearly 3,000 workers. The largest among these factories was a cotton spinning mill (Khlopko-Pryadilna Fabrika No. 9). It had been greatly enlarged and all its equipment and machinery replaced after the war. This factory was situated at the end of town, on the road to the civilian airfield, on the site of a prewar flour mill. The factory had its own transformer station. (No details were available on the other factories comprising the combine.)

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- 4. Chernovtsy also had an important hosiery industry. All the town's hosiery factories had been subordinate to a Ukrainian Ministry until 1958, when they transferred to the Stanislav Sovnarkhoz, which controlled the oblasts of Stanislav, Ternopol, and Chernovtsy. Among the hosiery factories in Chernovtsy were the following:
  - a. Chulochna Fabrika No. 3 (formerly Herkules), located on Sevastopol Street (formerly Calugareni), near the railroad station. This factory, which had been destroyed during the war, was subsequently rebuilt and enlarged, and it has been under constant expansion since. Before the war its production had included several types of hosiery, but in 1958 it manufactured only "Kapron", a synthetic silk fiber. The thefts in the factory have become a byword in town. In 1950 or 1951, the factory's entire managerial staff, including the director-general, were arrested and sentenced to 20-25 years each. The trial, which was held in Chernovtsy, was open to the public and the results were published in the local paper Ryadanska-Bukovina.
  - b. Chulochna Fabrika No. 5, located directly across the street from the railroad station, in an old three(?)-story building. Most of its machinery was renewed after the war.

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- c. Trikotazhna Fabrika No. 1 (formerly Trinaco). A large, prewar concern, it was greatly expanded after the war; new buildings were constructed and large quantities of new machinery installed. It used mainly artificial silk thread of Soviet and Italian make. Most of its produce was sent to Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev, and other cities, and some of it was intended for export. Therefore, only a negligible quantity was left for sale in the town, as was also the case with the produce of No. 3 hosiery factory.
- d. Trikotazhna Fabrika No. 2, located about 100 m from the prison. A prewar factory, it comprised one old building, one large industrial building of postwar construction, and several large apartment houses for its workers, also built after the war.

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near the thermal power station. No details were available on this factory, except that it had been enlarged since the war and that in 1958 it was part of a combine called Rezinoobuvniy Kombinat. The latter also included a leather shoe factory located on Kotovsky Street which had an additional entrance from 4 Ruskaya Street.

The Zhuchka suburb was also considered an industrial area.

The main plants located there were the prewar sugar refinery, which had been re-named Zakharniy Kombinat Zhuchka since the war but which had undergone no expansion since then; and a large, prewar distillery called Spirt Zavod Pervinets Bukovinskiy, which had been equipped with new tanks.

part of the 50X1-HUM alcohol was sent to synthetic rubber plants in Penza.

The town's only power station was the prewar thermal power station on Prut Street, Gorodskaya Elektrostantsia (formerly Uzina Electrica No. 2), which was fueled by crushed coal. It was formerly

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a small station consisting of one building with two 3,400 KW and 1,700 KW Brown-Bovery generators, and three 300 KW diesel generators. Its expansion was started in 1950 and included a new boiler house, a distribution structure and an additional generator room. During 1956-1958, one new 8,000 KW generator, a 3,000 KW generator, and a third generator of unknown capacity were put into operation. By 1958 the station's total output was about 20,000 KW. This was insufficient for the needs of the town and its industry, despite the fact that some industrial plants had their own small power stations. In early 1958 plans were started for further expansion of the station, up to 36,000 KW by 1961-1962. While these plans were being formulated, it became clear that 36,000 KW would not meet requirements and there was talk of either further enlarging this station or of building an additional one in the vicinity of the sugar refinery in Zhuchka or near the central water pumping station located in the Magala quarter on the banks of the Prut River, on the road to Novoselitsa.

Before the war there had been a second power station in town, called Uzina Electrica No. 1, located on Ul. Lesi Ukrainki, near the prison. This station, which supplied power to the trolleys and trolley

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buses, had only diesel engines, and when the Rumanians retreated in 1954, they took the diesel engines with them. The site was taken over by a rectifier station serving the city's trolleys and trolley buses, for which purpose it used old German generators. Erection of a large transformer station and a large mercury rectifier was started on the grounds of this station in 1957. Following the plans for increasing the town's network of trolleys and trolley buses, construction of an additional transformer and rectifier station was

## projected on Redensity Street.

# The 1952 expenses of the tours's water system was started

First, the central pumping station in the Magala area, on the banks of the Prut, on the road to Novoselitsa, was enlarged. All the old pumps were replaced, about 20 new underground filtration wells were constructed, and a metal water main, over 400 mm in diameter and three km long, was laid from the main pumping station to a secondary pumping station on Novoseletska Street. In 1958 the main pumping station yielded up to 25,000 m<sub>A</sub> of water daily, almost double the prewar quantity. During the last few years plans were completed in Kiev for a new and comprehensive water system for Chernovtsy. This plan

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called, among other things, for the construction of an additional pumping station on the small island between the railroad and road bridges over the Prut River. Its construction was started in 1957 and by 1958 a pipeline had been laid from it, via Tsentralna Ploshchad to the vicinity of the Chlast MVD on Lenin Street. This line was to be extended up to the water tower, which was located at the highest point in town (262 m above sea level) on Chapayev Street, near the city park. The plans also called for the building of a larger water tower.

The sewer system in Chernovtsy has not been changed since prewar days. It did not cover the entire town, only some downtown quarters, the town center, and part of the uptown section up to Storozhinetska Street.

started. In 1958 the network was partly completed in the town proper and numerous houses were connected to it, but the central gas main from Kosov (formerly Poland, where large gas field were discovered after the war) to Chernovtsy had not even been laid, owing to the lack of pipes. Despite this, there were rumors that the town would have gas by the end of 1958. The compressor station for the city gas network was to be erected between the Prut River and the machine works.